## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A method for manufacturing a semiconductor device,
- 2 comprising:
- forming a protective layer over a polysilicon gate electrode
- 4 located over a substrate to provide a capped polysilicon gate
- 5 electrode;
- forming source/drain regions in said substrate proximate said
- 7 capped polysilicon gate electrode;
- 8 removing said protective layer using an etchant;
- 9 siliciding said polysilicon gate electrode to form a silicided
- 10 gate electrode; and
- 11 siliciding said source/drain regions.
  - 2. The method as recited in Claim 1 further including
  - 2 forming a silicide blocking layer over said source/drain regions
  - 3 prior to said siliciding said polysilicon gate electrode.
  - 3. The method as recited in Claim 2 wherein forming a
  - 2 silicide blocking layer includes growing a silicide blocking layer
  - 3 using a dry oxidation process.
    - 4. The method as recited in Claim 2 wherein forming a
- 2 silicide blocking layer includes growing a silicide blocking layer

- 3 using a low temperature radical oxidation or plasma oxidation
- 4 process.
- 5. The method as recited in Claim 2 wherein forming a
- 2 silicide blocking layer includes forming a silicide blocking layer
- 3 having a thickness ranging from about 2 nm to about 10 nm.
- 6. The method as recited in Claim 1 wherein said protective
- 2 layer is a silicon nitride protective layer.
- 7. The method as recited in Claim 6 further including
- 2 forming a sidewall spacer adjacent said capped polysilicon gate
- 3 electrode that includes a nitride layer wherein said nitride layer
- 4 is of a different chemical composition than said silicon nitride
- 5 protective layer.
  - 8. The method as recited in Claim 7 wherein said nitride
- layer has from about 5% to about 10% carbon content.
- 9. The method as recited in Claim 1 wherein said silicided
- 2 source/drain regions extend under at least a portion of gate
- 3 sidewall spacers located adjacent said silicided gate electrode.

- 10. The method as recited in Claim 1 wherein the protective
- 2 layer has a thickness ranging from about 5 nm to about 50 nm.

- 11. A semiconductor device, comprising:
- a silicided gate electrode located over a substrate, said
- 3 silicided gate electrode having gate sidewall spacers located on
- 4 sidewalls thereof;
- 5 source/drain regions located in said substrate proximate said
- 6 silicided gate electrode; and
- 7 silicided source/drain regions located in said source/drain
- 8 regions and at least partially under said gate sidewall spacers.
- 12. The semiconductor device as recited in Claim 11 wherein
- 2 said silicided source/drain regions extend from about 2 nm to about
- 3 10 nm under said gate sidewall spacers.
- 13. The semiconductor device as recited in Claim 11 wherein
- 2 said silicided source/drain regions have a thickness ranging from
- 3 about 10 nm to about 30 nm.

- 14. A method for manufacturing an integrated circuit,2 comprising:
- forming semiconductor devices over a substrate, including;
- 4 forming a protective layer over a polysilicon gate
- 5 electrode located over said substrate to provide a capped
- 6 polysilicon gate electrode;
- 7 forming source/drain regions in said substrate proximate
- 8 said capped polysilicon gate electrode;
- 9 · removing said protective layer using an etchant;
- 10 siliciding said polysilicon gate electrode to form a
- 11 silicided gate electrode; and
- siliciding said source/drain regions; and
- forming interconnects within dielectric layers located over
- 14 said substrate for electrically contacting said semiconductor
- 15 devices.
  - 15. The method as recited in Claim 14 further including
- 2 forming a silicide blocking layer over said source/drain regions
- 3 prior to said siliciding said polysilicon gate electrode.
- 16. The method as recited in Claim 15 wherein forming a
- 2 silicide blocking layer includes growing a silicide blocking layer
- 3 using a dry oxidation process.

- 17. The method as recited in Claim 15 wherein forming a silicide blocking layer includes growing a silicide blocking layer using a low temperature radical oxidation or plasma oxidation process.
- 18. The method as recited in Claim 15 wherein forming a silicide blocking layer includes forming a silicide blocking layer having a thickness ranging from about 2 nm to about 10 nm.
- 19. The method as recited in Claim 14 wherein said protective layer is a silicon nitride protective layer.
- 20. The method as recited in Claim 19 further including forming a sidewall spacer adjacent said capped polysilicon gate electrode that includes a nitride layer wherein said nitride layer is of a different chemical composition than said silicon nitride protective layer.
- 21. The method as recited in Claim 20 wherein said nitride 2 layer has from about 5% to about 10% carbon content.
- 22. The method as recited in Claim 14 wherein said silicided source/drain regions extend under at least a portion of gate sidewall spacers located adjacent said polysilicon gate electrode.

23. The method as recited in Claim 14 wherein the protective layer has a thickness ranging from about 5 nm to about 50 nm.

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